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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/885,198	06/20/2001	Augustin T. Chen	393325	5726	
75	90 04/15/2004		EXAMINER		
Kenneth D. Goetz			SASTRI, SATYA B		
Lathrop & Gage Suite 2800	e, LC	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
2345 Grand Boulevard			1713		
Kansas City, MI 64108			DATE MAILED: 04/15/2004		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

				AS.				
		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
-		09/885,198	CHEN ET AL.					
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	:				
		Satya B Sastri	1713					
	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
THE I - Exter after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period for reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a rep y within the statutory minimum of thirty (will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH , cause the application to become ABAI	ly be timely filed (30) days will be considered timely. HS from the mailing date of this comm NDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nunication.				
Status			•					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>09 M</u>	<u>larch 2004</u> .						
,	2a)☑ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This action is non-final.							
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>22,24,27 and 29</u> is/are pending in the application.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) 22, 24, 27 and 29 is/are rejected.							
7)	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)[8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.							
Applicati	on Papers							
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
_	_	nriority under 35 U.S.C. & 1	119(a)-(d) or (f)	•				
/ .	12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
a) _l	1. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received		4-				
	2. Certified copies of the priority document		nlication No					
		•		200				
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bureau		cocived in this Hattorial of	age				
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	·	eceived.					
Attachmen	t(s)							
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Su	mmary (PTO-413)					
2) Notic	==							
. —	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Info 6) Other:		J4)				
. ape		-/						

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This office action is in response to the amendment filed on March 9, 2004. *Claims 22, 24, 27 and 29* are now pending in the application. The examiner has carefully considered the arguments presented by the applicant but not found persuasive and the rejections cited in the previous office action are sustained.

Response to Arguments

Applicants argue that the present invention is in regard to an aqueous adhesive whereas the prior art to Morris et al. (US 5,514,122) teaches a disposable absorbent article having hollow polymeric microspheres produced using a non-free radically polymerizable acid. The prior art disclosure does exclude solid polymeric microspheres and teaches that solid microspheres may be prepared by a "one-step" emulsification process comprising an aqueous suspension polymerization of the free radically polymerizable monomer(s), at least one hydrophilizing component, an emulsifier or suspension stabilizers, optionally at least one polar monomer, oil soluble initiator(s), optionally crosslinkers, and other optional additives in an aqueous or other polar solution. Methods for suspension polymerization include these described in patents such as U.S. Pat. Nos. 3,620,988; 4,166,152; 4,495,318; 4,598,112; 4,810,763; DE 3,544,882; 4,786,696 or 4,645,783. The suspension can be stabilized by polymeric stabilizers, include those described in U.S. Pat. No. 4,166,152 (Baker et al., including but not limited to

casein, crosslinked polyacrylic acids, polyoxyethylene, polyacrylic acid, polymethacrylic acid, polyacrylamide, polyvinyl pyrrolidone, polyethylene amine, polyvinyl methyl ether, polyvinyl alcohol, salts thereof, and mixtures thereof). Polymeric stabilizers or mechanical agitation can be used alone or in conjunction with ionic or nonionic surfactants or emulsifiers. Preferred are suspension polymerization processes using ionic or nonionic emulsifiers at a concentration greater than the critical micelle concentration (column 4, lines 58-68 and column 5, lines 1-12). Thus, the prior art teaches the process of making solid microspheres and admits the same as known prior art.

- Applicants contend that Morris et al. do not teach the adhesive composition and the 3. article as claimed in the present invention. The prior art discloses articles comprising pressuresensitive adhesive compositions comprising matrix or binder and polymeric microspheres. The matrix or binder is based on free radically polymerizable acrylate such as isooctyl acrylate, isononyl acrylate, n-butyl acrylate, hexyl acrylate etc. (column 6, lines 42-53). The disclosure further includes that for obtaining superior cohesive strengths, the adhesive matrix may be crosslinked with multiacrylates (column 7, lines 46-51). The adhesive may comprise 1 to 60 parts of a water dispersible acrylate microsphere and 99 to 40 parts of aqueous latex as adhesive matrix (column 15, lines 39-58, claim 1). In this prior art, the weight ratio, on a solids basis, of microspheres to crosslinked acrylate polymer ranges from about 0.04:1 to about 2:1 (column 11, Table I).
- 4. Present claims are product by process claims wherein the microspheres are made a process different than that disclosed in the prior art. However, applicants have not provided

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evidence for the claimed process to yield a product that differs from prior art product by way comparative studies. Where product by process claims are rejected over a prior art product, the burden is shifted to applicants to establish unobvious difference, even if production processes are different unless applicants show criticality of the process involved. *In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964 (Fed. Cir. 1985)*.

5. With regard to applicants' remark that the prior art does not teach or suggest any dry peel value, a reasonable basis exits that the properties would be the same given the similarity in the adhesive compositions. It has been held that where applicant claims a composition in terms of function, property or characteristic where said function is not explicitly shown by the reference and where the examiner has explained why the function, property or characteristic is considered inherent in the prior art, it is appropriate for the examiner to make a rejection under both the applicable section of 35 USC 102 and 35 USC 103 such that the burden is placed upon the applicant to provide clear evidence that the respective compositions do in fact differ. *In re Best*, 195 USPQ 430, 433 (CCPA 1977); *In re Fitzgerald et al.*, 205 USPQ 594, 596 (CCPA 1980). Applicants have not provided objective evidence that the adhesive compositions are different from prior art compositions.

Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Satya Sastri at telephone number is (571) 272-1112.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, David Wu can be reached at (571) 272-1114.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be

directed to the group receptionist at (703) 308-0661.

SATYA SASTRI

salya salii

April 6, 2004

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DAVID W. WU Supervisory patent examiner

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700